



# BITSFACTOR

# Smart Contract Review

Deliverable: Smart Contract Audit Report

Security Assessment August 2023

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# **Report Summary**

Title	BITSFACTOR Smart Contract Audit		
Project Owner	BITSFACTOR		
Classification	Public		
Reviewed by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Review date	14/08/2023
Approved by	Virtual Caim Private Limited	Approval date	14/08/2023
		Nº Pages	21

# Overview

### Background

BITSFACTOR's team requested Virtual Caim to perform an Extensive Smart Contract Audit of their 'BitsFactor' Smart Contract.

### **Project Dates**

The following is the project schedule for this review and report:

- August 14: Smart Contract Review Started (Completed)
- August 14: Initial Delivery of Audit Findings (Completed)

# Coverage

### Target Specification and Revision

For this audit, we performed project's basic research, investigation by discussing the details with the project owner/developers, and then review the smart contract of BITSFACTOR.

The following documentation & repositories were considered in -scope for the review:

	https://bscscan.com/token/0x076c66A6B1aACCec186F1B4	
Project	B1a8c93d298e31F55#code	

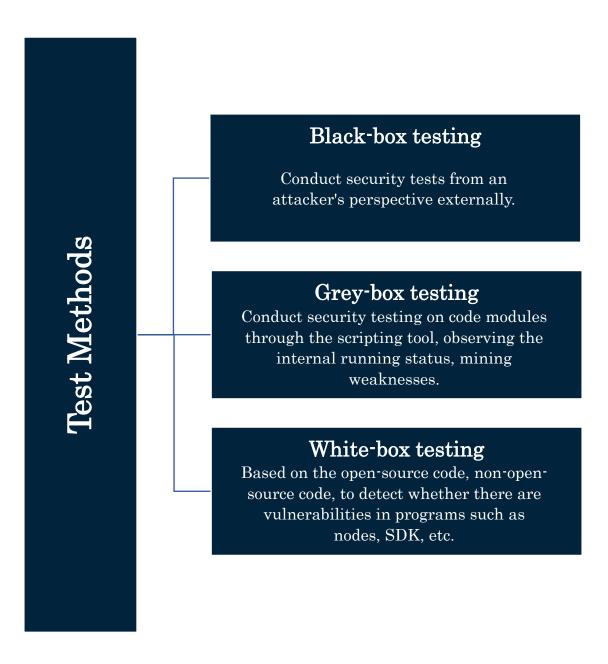
# Introduction

Given the opportunity to review BITSFACTOR's Contract related smart contract source code, we in the report summary our methodical approach to evaluate all potential common security issues in the smart contract implementation, expose possible semantic irregularities between smart contract code and design document, and provide additional suggestions or recommendations for improvement. Our results show that the given version of smart contracts is ready to use after resolving the mentioned issues and done functional testing by owner/developer themselves, as there might be issues related to business logic, security or performance which only can found/understand by them.

#### About Audit

Item	Description	
Issuer	BITSFACTOR	
Website	-	
Туре	BEP20	
Platform	Binance	
Language	Solidity	
Audit Test Method	Whitebox Testing	
Latest Audit Report	August 14, 2023	

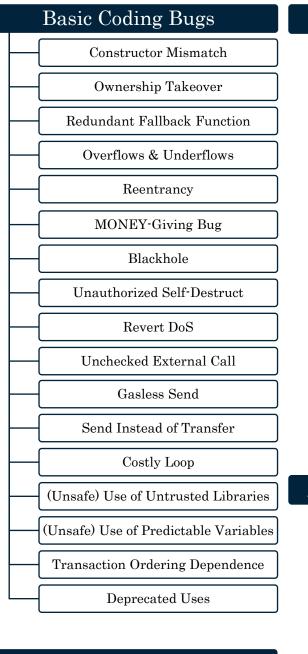
#### **Test Methods Information**



# Vulnerability Severity Level Information

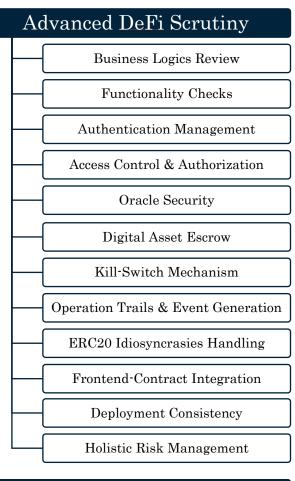
Level	Description		
Critical	Critical severity vulnerabilities will have a		
	significant effect on the security of the DeFi		
	project, and it is strongly recommended to fix		
	the critical vulnerabilities.		
High	High severity vulnerabilities will affect the		
	normal operation of the DeFi project. It is		
	strongly recommended to fix high-risk		
	vulnerabilities.		
Medium	Medium severity vulnerability will affect the		
	operation of the DeFi project. It is recommended		
	to fix medium-risk vulnerabilities.		
Low	Low severity vulnerabilities may affect the		
	operation of the DeFi project in certain		
	scenarios. It is suggested that the project party		
	should evaluate and consider whether these		
	vulnerabilities need to be fixed.		
Weakness	There are safety risks theoretically, but it is		
	extremely difficult to reproduce in engineering.		

### List of Check Items

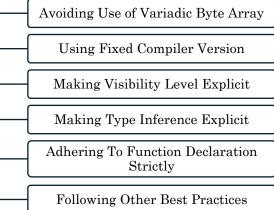


#### Semantic Consistency Checks

Semantic Consistency Checks

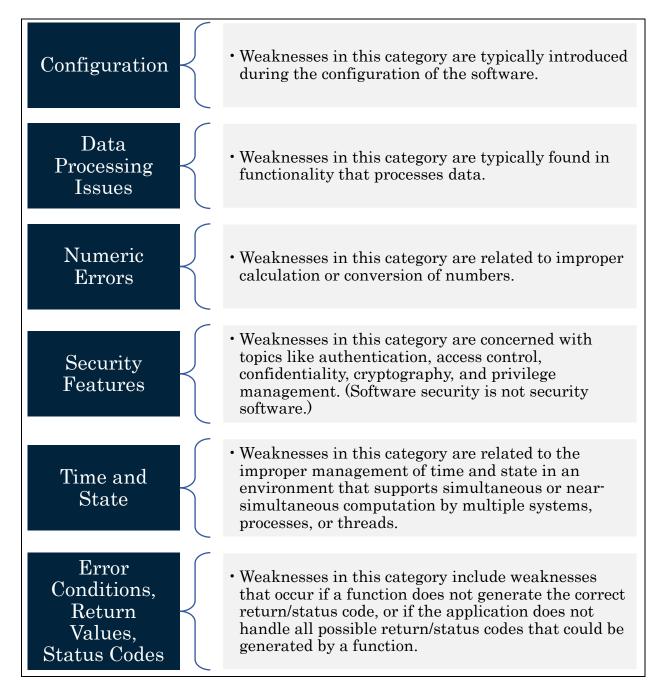


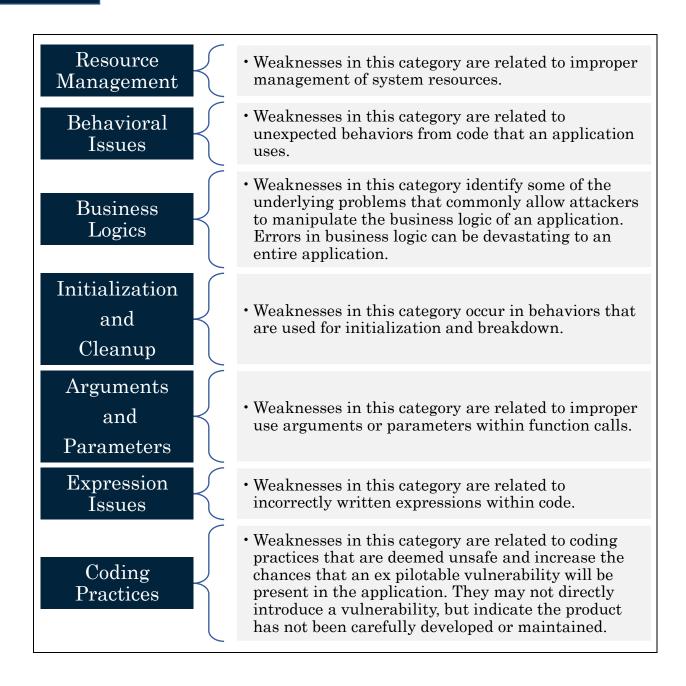
# Additional Recommendations



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Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) Classifications Used in this Audit



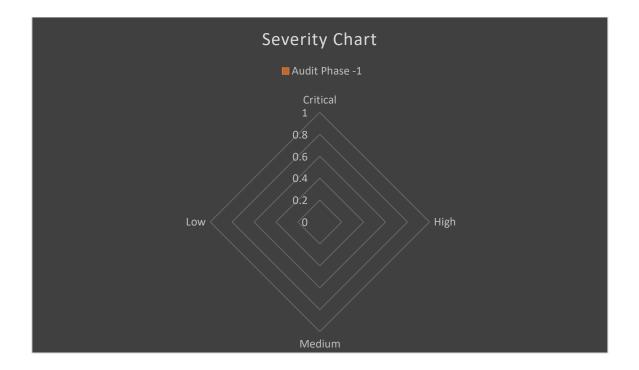


# Findings

#### Summary

Here is a summary of our findings after scrutinizing the BITSFACTOR Smart Contract Review. During the first phase of our audit, we studied the smart contract source code and ran our in-house static code analyzer through the Specific tools. The purpose here is to statically identify known coding bugs, and then manually verify (reject or confirm) issues reported by tools. We further manually review business logics, examine system operations, and place DeFirelated aspects under scrutiny to uncover possible pitfalls and/or bugs.

Severity	No. of Issues
Critical	0
High	0
Medium	0
Low	0
Total	0



We have so far identified that there are potential issues with severity of 0 Critical, 0 High, 0 Medium, and 0 Low. Overall, these smart contracts are well-designed and engineered.

### **Functional Overview**

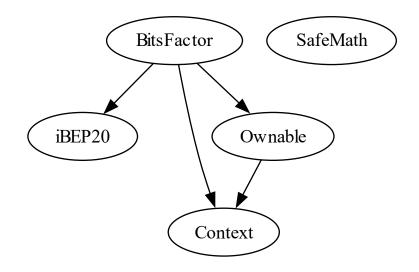
(\$) = payable function	[Pub] public
# = non-constant function	[Ext] external
	[Prv] private
	[Int] internal

- + [Int] iBEP20
  - [Ext] totalSupply
  - [Ext] decimals
  - [Ext] symbol
  - [Ext] name
  - [Ext] getOwner
  - [Ext] balanceOf
  - [Ext] transfer #
  - [Ext] allowance
  - [Ext] approve #
  - [Ext] transferFrom #
- + Context
  - [Int] <Constructor>#
  - [Int] \_msgSender
  - [Int] \_msgData

- + [Lib] SafeMath
  - [Int] add
  - [Int] sub
  - [Int] sub
  - [Int] mul
  - [Int] div
  - [Int] div
  - [Int] mod
  - [Int] mod
- + Ownable (Context)
  - [Int] <Constructor>#
  - [Pub] owner
  - [Pub] renounceOwnership #
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Pub] transferOwnership #
    - modifiers: onlyOwner
  - [Int] \_transferOwnership #
- + BitsFactor (Context, iBEP20, Ownable)
  - [Pub] <Constructor>#
  - [Ext] getOwner
  - [Ext] decimals
  - [Ext] symbol

- [Ext] name
- [Ext] totalSupply
- [Ext] balanceOf
- [Ext] transfer #
- [Ext] allowance
- [Ext] approve #
- [Ext] transferFrom #
- [Pub] increaseAllowance #
- [Pub] decreaseAllowance #
- [Pub] burn #
- [Pub] burnFrom #
- [Int] \_transfer #
- [Int] \_burn #
- [Int] \_approve #

# Inheritance



#### **Detailed Results**

#### **Issues Checking Status**

As there are no security vulnerabilities, business logic issues or coding bugs found in first phase of these smart contracts, there are no detailed results to show.

### Basic Coding Bugs

No.	Name	Description	Severity	Result
1.	Constructor Mismatch	Whether the contract name and its constructor are not identical to each other.	Critical	PASSED
2.	Ownership Takeover	Whether the set owner function is not protected.	Critical	PASSED
3.	Redundant Fallback Function	Whether the contract has a redundant fallback function.	Critical	PASSED
4.	Overflows & Underflows	Whether the contract has general overflow or underflow vulnerabilities	Critical	PASSED
5.	Reentrancy	Reentrancy is an issue when code can call back into your contract and change state, such as withdrawing ETHs	High	PASSED
6.	MONEY- Giving Bug	Whether the contract returns funds to an arbitrary address	High	PASSED
7.	Blackhole	Whether the contract locks ETH indefinitely: merely in without out	High	PASSED
8.	Unauthorized Self-Destruct	Whether the contract can be killed by any arbitrary address	Medium	PASSED
9.	Revert DoS	Whether the contract is vulnerable to DoS attack because	Medium	PASSED

		of unexpected revert		
10.	Unchecked External Call	Whether the contract has any external call without checking the return value	Medium	PASSED
11.	Gasless Send	Whether the contract is vulnerable to gasless send	Medium	PASSED
12.	Send Instead of Transfer	Whether the contract uses send instead of transfer	Medium	PASSED
13.	Costly Loop	Whether the contract has any costly loop which may lead to Out-Of-Gas exception	Medium	PASSED
14.	(Unsafe) Use of Untrusted Libraries	Whether the contract use any suspicious libraries	Medium	PASSED
15.	(Unsafe) Use of Predictable Variables	Whether the contract contains any randomness variable, but its value can be predicated	Medium	PASSED
16.	Transaction Ordering Dependence	Whether the final state of the contract depends on the order of the transactions	Medium	PASSED
17.	Deprecated Uses	Whether the contract use the deprecated tx.origin to perform the authorization	Medium	PASSED
18.	Semantic Consistency Checks	Whether the semantic of the white paper is different from the implementation of the contract	Critical	PASSED

#### Conclusion

In this audit, we thoroughly analyzed BITSFACTOR's 'BitsFactor' Smart Contract. The current code base is well organized but there are promptly some Low issues found in this phase of Smart Contract Audit. It's recommended to update the contract before crossing across some serious issues.

Meanwhile, we need to call attention to that smart contract as a whole are still in an early, but exciting stage of development. To improve this report, we greatly appreciate any constructive feedbacks or suggestions, on our methodology, audit findings, or potential gaps in scope/coverage.

# About Virtual Caim

Just like our other parallel journey at eNebula Solution, we believe that people have a fundamental need to security and that the use of secure solutions enables every person to more freely use the Internet and every other connected technology. We aim to provide security consulting service to help others make their solutions more resistant to unauthorized access to data & inadvertent manipulation of the system. We support teams from the design phase through the production to launch and surely after.

The Virtual Caim is specifically incorporated to handle all kind of Security related operations, our Highly Qualified and Certified security team has skills for reviewing coding languages like Solidity, Rust, Go, Python, Haskell, C, C++ and JavaScript for common security vulnerabilities & specific attack vectors. The team has been reviewing implementations of cryptographic protocols and distributed system architecture, including in cryptocurrency, blockchains, payments, and smart contracts. Additionally, the team can utilize varioustools to scan code & networks and build custom tools as necessary.

Although we are a small team, we surely believe that we can have a momentous impact on the world by being translucent & open about the work we do.

For more information about our other security services and consulting, please visit -- <u>https://virtualcaim.com/</u> & Mail us at - <u>audit@virtualcaim.com</u>